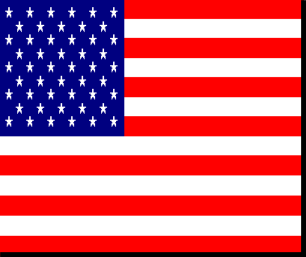


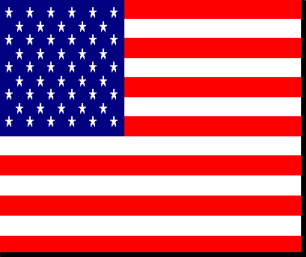
Truman's Cold War Policies



Truman Doctrine [1947]

1. Designed to aid those resisting foreign aggression
2. Specific to nations resisting communism
3. *The U. S. should support free peoples throughout the world who were resisting takeovers by armed minorities or outside pressures... We must assist free peoples to work out their own destinies in their own way.*
4. The U.S. committed to military intervention

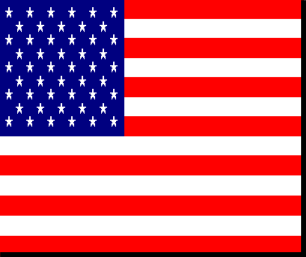




Cold War Containment

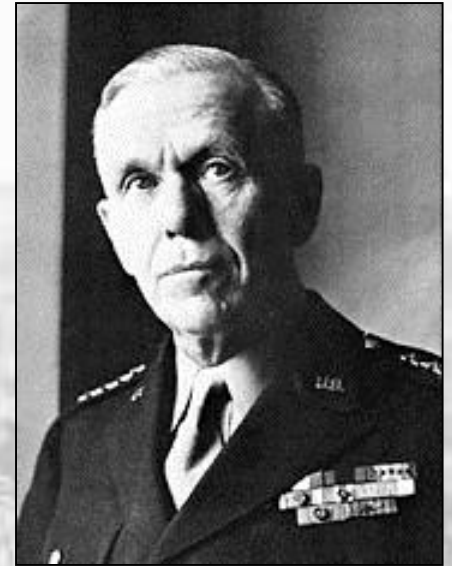
- Official policy of preventing Soviet expansion
- U.S. would keep communism within existing territory
- Diplomatic tactics, military action, economic policy
- Would not eradicate communism, but prevent its spreading

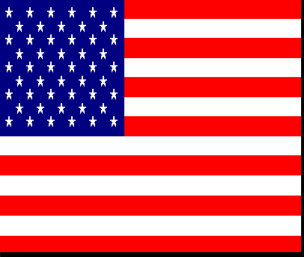




Marshall Plan [1947]

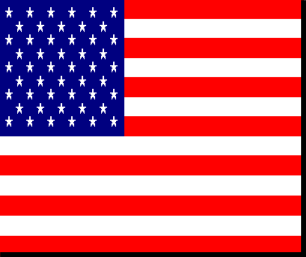
1. "European Recovery Program"
2. Secretary of State, George Marshall
3. The U. S. should provide aid to all European nations that need it. This move *is not against any country or doctrine, but against hunger, poverty, desperation, and chaos.*
4. \$13 billion of US aid to Western Europe b/t 1948-1952





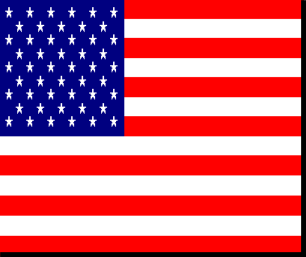
Post-War Germany





Berlin Blockade & Airlift (1948-49)



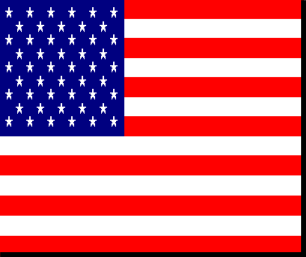


The Arms Race: A "Missile Gap?"



- ☞ The Soviet Union exploded its first A-bomb in 1949.
- ☞ Now there were two nuclear superpowers!





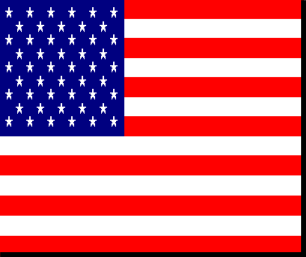
North Atlantic Treaty Organization (1949)



- ❖ United States
- ❖ Belgium
- ❖ Britain
- ❖ Canada
- ❖ Denmark
- ❖ France
- ❖ Iceland
- ❖ Italy



- ❖ Luxemburg
- ❖ Netherlands
- ❖ Norway
- ❖ Portugal
- ❖ 1952: Greece & Turkey
- ❖ 1955: West Germany
- ❖ 1983: Spain



Warsaw Pact (1955)



 U. S. S. R.

 Albania

 Bulgaria

 Czechoslovakia

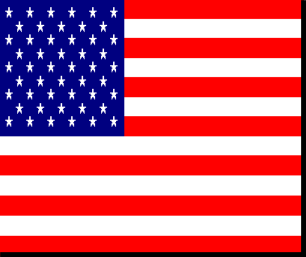
 East Germany

 Hungary

 Poland

 Rumania





The Korean War: A "Police Action" (1950-1953)



Kim Il-Sung



Syngman Rhee



"Domino Theory"