- Late 1930s-close to 3 million Mexicans & Mexican Americans in the U.S.
- Largest Mex.-Amer. community in U.S.?
- By 1940s, Mex.-Amer. urban youth had formed styles of speech & dress that were neither traditionally Mexican nor traditionally American.
- Zoot suits-type of fashion worn by some urban youth & popular among Mexican -Americans
  - Some adults saw the flashiness of the zoot suits as excessive.
  - Among white servicemen the suits were seen as even antagonistic and un-American.

## **Zoot Suits**



- 1940s-Mex.-Amer. continued to face racial segregation in schooling, housing, movie theaters, restaurants, swimming pools, etc.
  - Also faced severe discrimination in employment & by the criminal justice system

#### Bracero Program

 The need to ensure an agric. labor supply turned out to be the U.S. gov's main concern in responding to the Zoot Suit Riots.

- Majority of service men & women stationed in LA during riots were white
- Riots occurred 6 months after the Sleepy Lagoon murder trial-controversial case
- Rioting occurred in May & June 1943 in LA
  - 1000s of servicemen participated in the attacks in which they target Mex.-Amer. youth with beatings & racial slurs & stripped them of their zoot suits
  - Police arrested more than 500 Mex.-Amer.
  - No servicemen were arrested
  - Incident set off a wave of attacks against Latinos/as in 7 other U.S.

# **Zoot Suit Riots**







- According to Doc. A, who caused the riots?
- According to Doc. B, who caused the riots?
- Does Doc. A support the claim that the press was, in fact, "decidedly inflammatory"? How?
- Why did the Coordinator of Latin American Youth decide to send a telegram to the Office of War Information? What does this tell you about the seriousness of the riots? How could this have affected U.S.-Mexico relations?
- How did the context of WWII influence the riots?